

# Tietomallien mahdollisuudet sotesektorilla

Unlocking the potential of data models in the health sector



## **Programme / Ohjelma**

13.00	Welcome and opening words Kristo Lehtonen, Director, Fair Data Economy, Sitra  Moderator: Saara Malkamäki, Specialist, Sitra
13.05	OpenEHR-based software procurement in Stockholm and Gotland region Erik Sundvall, Information Architect, Karolinska University Hospital
13.25	<b>Questions and comments</b>

13.35	European health data network:
	using the OMOP CDM for
	collaborative studies
	Maxim Moinat, Scientific Researcher
	Erasmus MC

- 13.55 **Questions and comments**
- 14.05 **Break**





TYÖPAPERI

8.5.2023

#### DATASTA VOIMAA SOTE-JÄRJESTELMÄÄN

Sote-dataa hyödyntämällä parempaa hoitoa ja kustannussäästöjä

#### **Antti Larsio**

Knowledge Broker Oy

Sote-data sisältää sosiaali- ja terveydenhuollossa syntyvää tietoa, kuten lääkitystiedot ja hoitotoimenpiteet. Data liikkuu muun muassa sote-palveluita tuottavissa organisaatiossa ja kansallisissa tietojärjestelmäpalveluissa. Suomella on merkittäviä vahvuuksia ja kehitystä on tehty paljon, mutta jäljellä olevat liikkuvuuden pullonkaulat ja järjestelmien käytettävyysongelmat estävät sote-datan parhaan mahdollisen hyödyntämisen.

Sote-datan liikkuvuutta ja saatavuutta parantamalla voidaan sujuvoittaa hoitoammattilaisten työtä, kehittää palveluita, vapauttaa työvoimaa tuottavampiin töihin sekä saavuttaa merkittäviä kustannussäästöjä. Eurooppalainen lainsäädäntö on luomassa EU:n laajuista terveystietoaluetta, joka edellyttää terveystietojen siirtymistä sujuvasti yli maarajojen ja potilastietojärjestelmien välillä. Suomen on tärkeää valmistautua tähän kehitykseen.

Esitetyt suositukset auttavat uudistamaan sote-sektoria data edellä. Lisäksi ne vahvistavat myös terveysteknologioiden vientimahdollisuuksia.

# Powering the social and healthcare system with data and AI

To improve quality and effectiveness of care

Improve productivity of work

Moving towards more personalised and preventive healthcare

➤ Implementing individual-centric, international data models one out of seven recommendations



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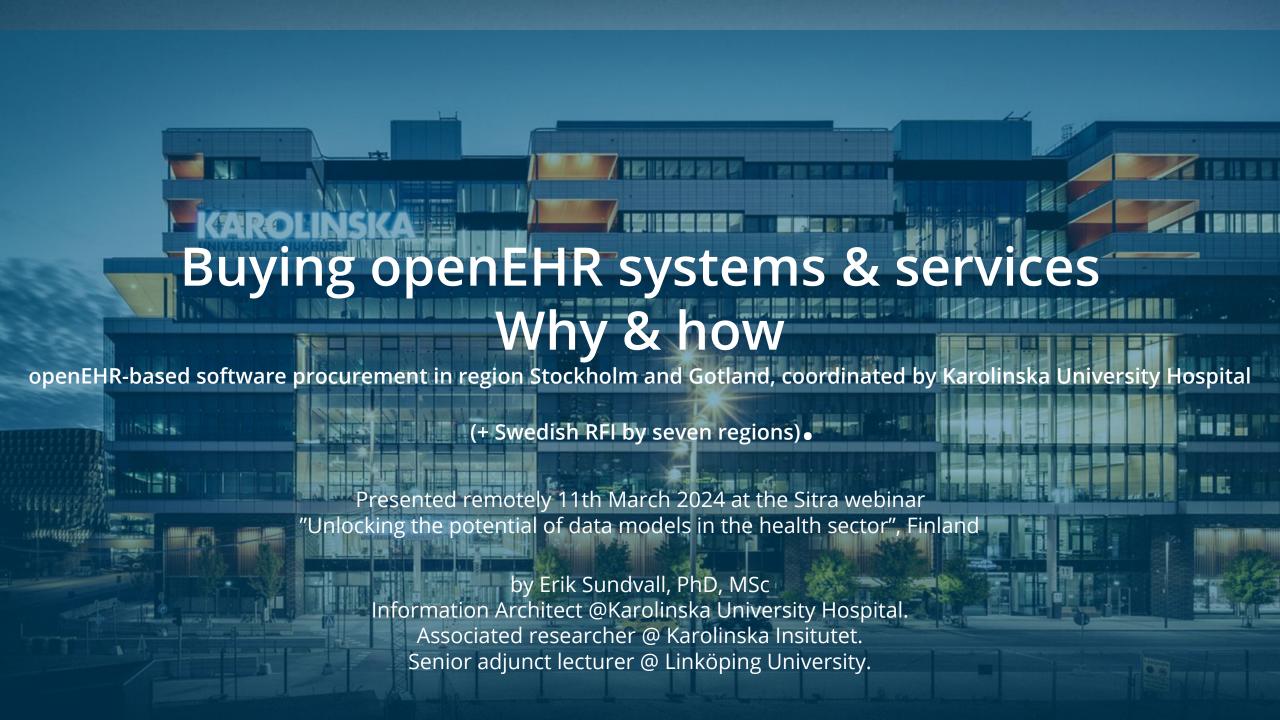
**Questions and comments** 

13.25

3.35	European health data network:
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## Scaling things. Sustainability?

What limits adoption/use?

#### My researcher journey

- Patient overviews

  (need standardisation of data structure and terminology use to be possible at all & to be adopted at scale)
- Scaling storage solutions
  (avoid DBA manual indexing/reinterpretation as a limiting factor)
- Scaling learning/knowledge
- Scaling local ecosystem beyond one vendor
   openEHR RESTful vendor neutral app ecosystem needs APIs (2010, before FHIR)
- Why not used more? Seldom bought!

  Research --> Used in practice at healthcare providers?
  - Spread/share knowledge
  - Scaling procurement. Stop buying yesterday's sytems!

    How can we push the market/ecosystem in sustainable direction?

Scalability and
Semantic Sustainability
in Electronic Health Record Systems

**Erik Sundvall** 



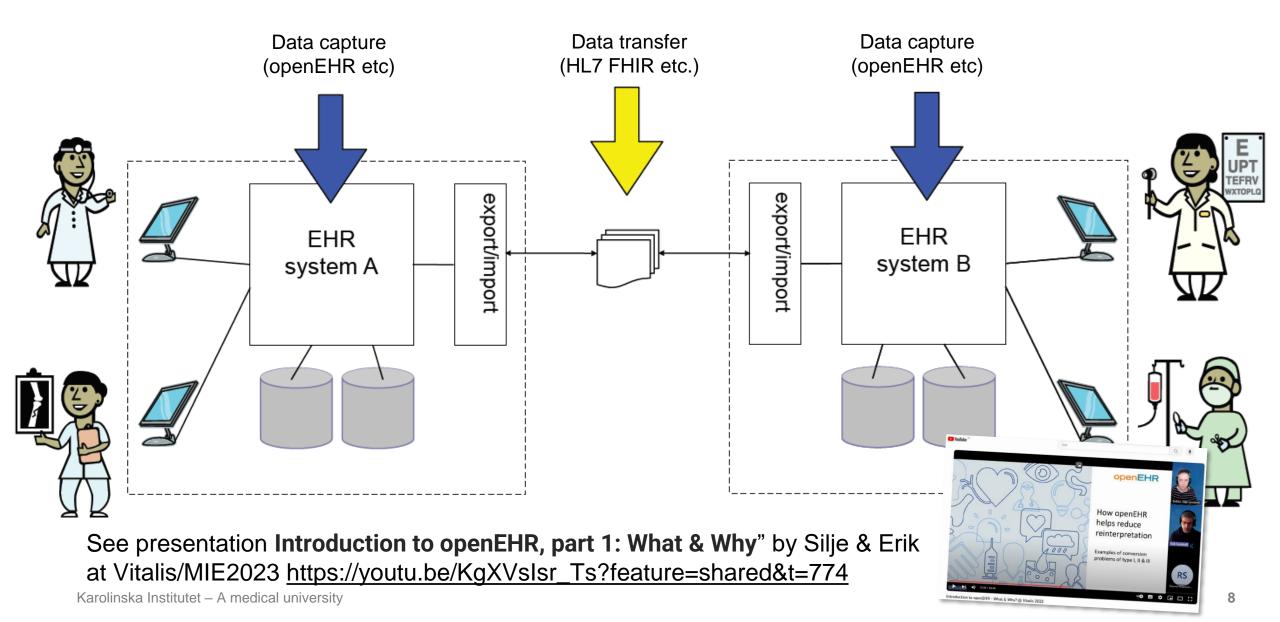
#### Different...

# INTEGRATION STRATEGIES

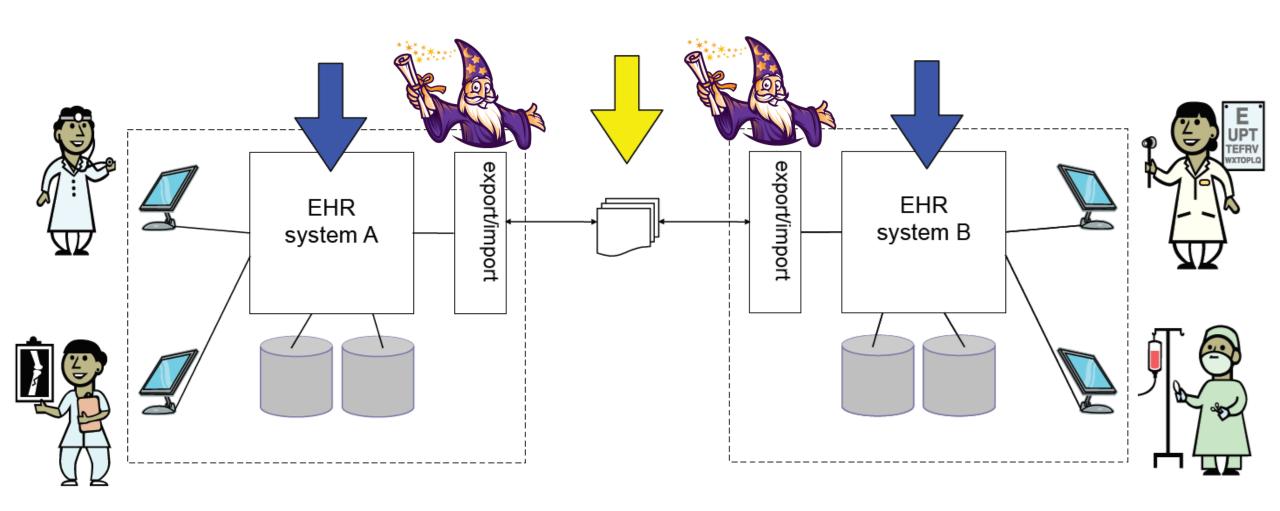
...enable different procurement strategies

- Core system strategy
- Mapping/conversion-based strategy
- Shared, model-driven strategy ♥

#### Agree where?



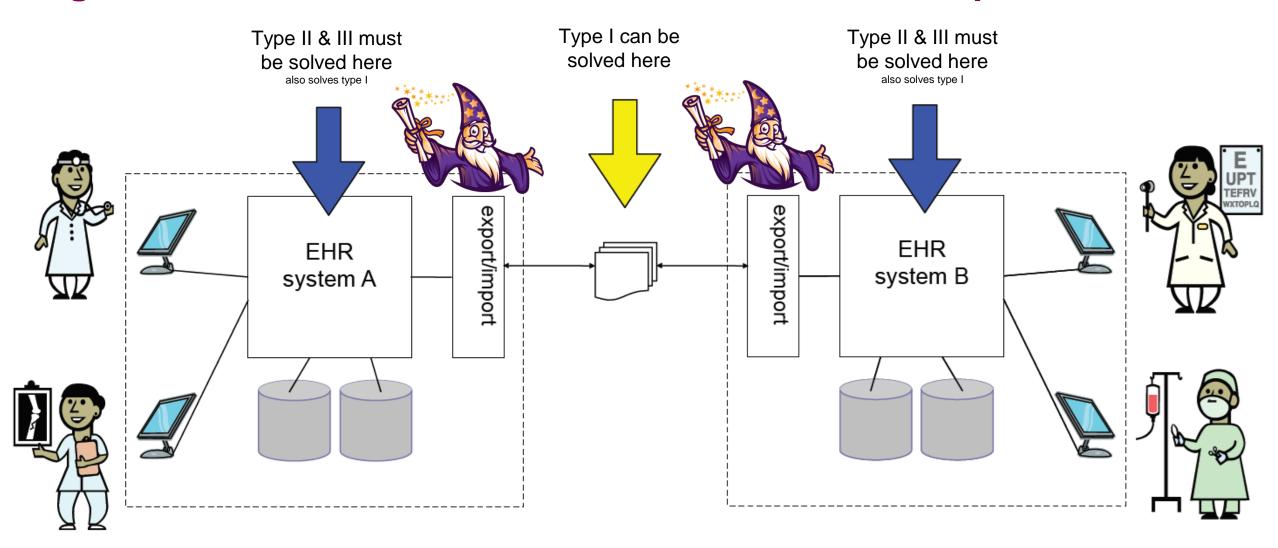
## What can conversion/reinterpretaion solve?



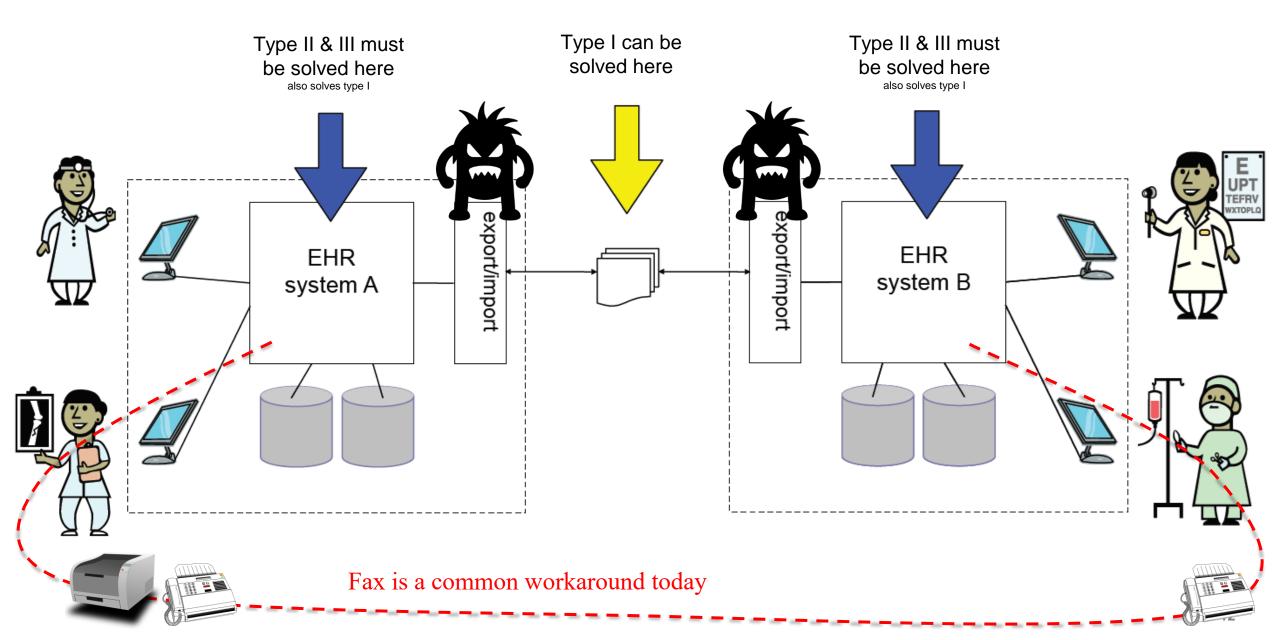
Reinterpretation problems, Type I, II & III

ICIII	remediation problems, Type 1, 11 & 111			
Example	System A	System B		
Type I A <> B Can be done with algoritm/program	Birth weight: 3300g Date: 1954-03-13	Body weight: 3,3 kg Tlmepoint: 13 Mar 1954		
Type II  A> B  Semantic loss and distortion due to reinterpretations.  Hard, dangerous or impossible with algorithm/program but often done manually by medically skilled staff over and over for each transfer  B> A  Missing information impossible with algorithm/program	Needs surgery at latest: 2018-01-30 Surgery scheduled: 2018-01-20 15:30 Main diagnose*: 323291000119108   Osteoarthritis of left hip joint  Other Diagnosis*: 25343008   Secondary localized osteoarthrosis of pelvic region  299308007   Hip joint painful on movement   Procedure*: 19954002   Reconstruction of hip with use of methyl methacrylate  Surgery type**: Lubinus SP II Preferred anesthesia*: 18946005   Epidural anesthesia   NEWS2-score at admission: 1 Anesthesia assessment: - Fitness: can handle light physical exercise - Cardiovascular: OK - Lungs: OK - Throat: OK - Gastrointestinal*: 16331000   Heartburn	Surgery date: 2018-01-20 Diagnosis code: M16.7   Other secondary coxarthrosis Surgery code***: NFB49   Primär total höftledsplastik med cement (Primary total hip arthroplasty with cement) Anesthesia code***: ZXH50   Epiduralanestesi (epidural anestesia) ASA-classification: ASA I = normal healthy patient  *) Codes from Snomed CT **) special kind of hip replacement with cement ***) Codes from the Swedish "KVÅ" terminology		
Type III Reinterpretaion impossible (even for skilled humans) due to aggregations etc.	Number of cigarettes smoked per week: 6-10specified in a system with the options: 0, 1-5, 6-10, 11-15, 16-30, 31-50, 51-100, 101+	Number of cigarettes per week: ?specified in a system with the options: 0, 1-3, 4-7, 8-14, 15-28, 29-69, 70+		

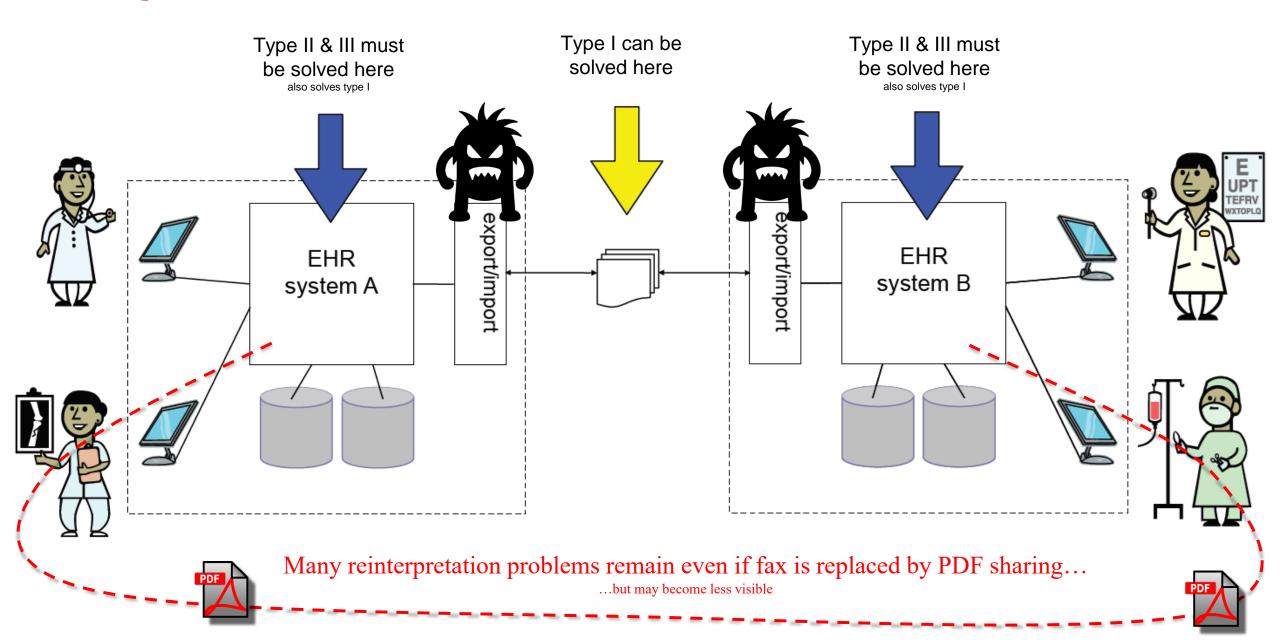
### Agree on what, where? How wide is the focus of the procurement?



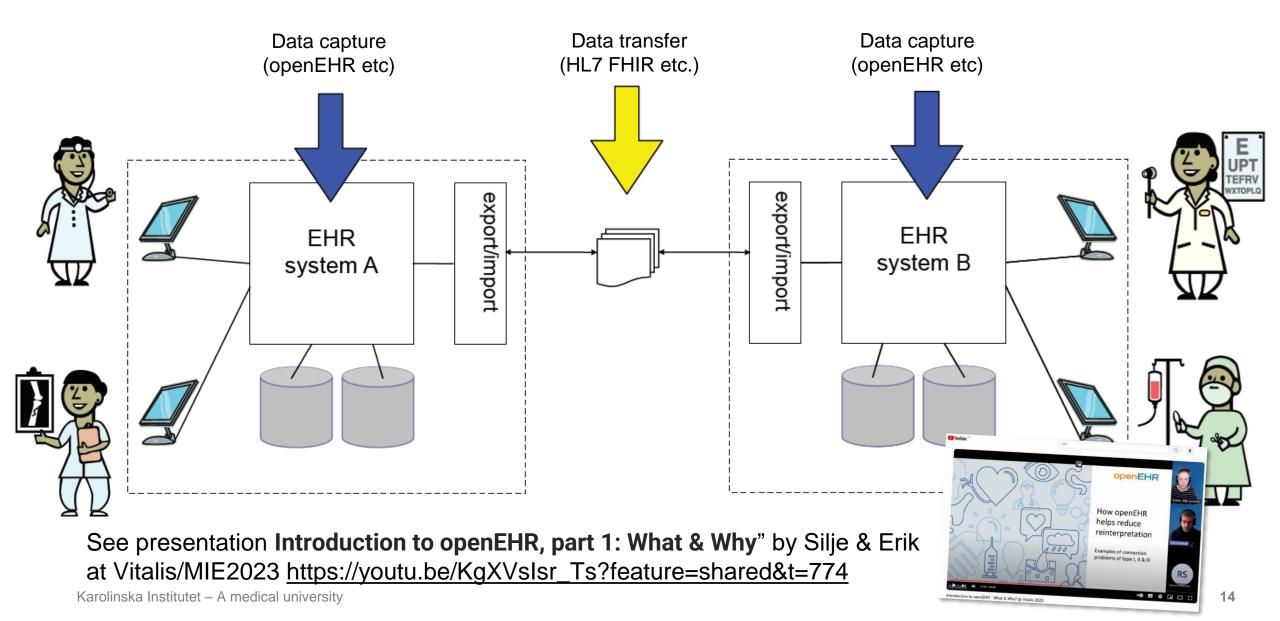
## Agree on what, where?



### Agree on what, where?



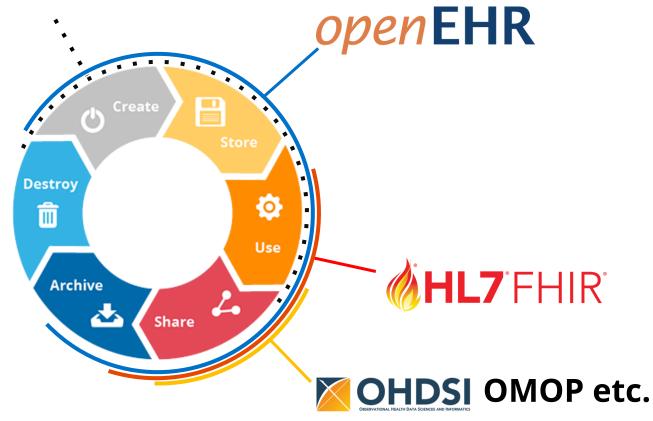
#### Agree where?



## Data – how Karolinska views standards in the data life cycle.

Any may be useful for a given purpose, depending on the need and relevant constraints.

Most of the proprietary EHR internal models



"Gartner believes that truly effective and sustainable open architectures will need a capability for vendor-neutral data persistence, such as utilizing a common schema or set of openEHR archetypes and rules for managing structured and unstructured data (for example, a VNA, openEHR or IHE XDS repository in combination with services for trust/consent, ecosystem governance and oversight, and reuse of data and processes for secondary purposes, such as research and population health).

Providing open messaging standards (for example, FHIR, HL7) for data exchange in specific use cases will only go so far in meeting the architectural challenges of digital citizen-centric care delivery"

Healthcare Provider CIOs Need to Rally Their Enterprise Architects Around Citizen-Centric Care Delivery, Gartner 2017

All these standards can be combined with SNOMED CT





#### Different...

# INTEGRATION STRATEGIES

...enable different procurement strategies

- Core system strategy
- Mapping/conversion-based strategy
- Shared, model-driven strategy ©

#### 1. Core system strategy

Buy the **same system, install the same way** at all organizations that will share or exchange information. Pretend "there is no system B"

**Consequence**: Causes vendor dependency and anti-competitive effects at the level where the strategy is applied. A single system rarely does everything well.

It is a common strategy locally/regionally: Large systems exist, but they are not comprehensive and thus need to be combined with other strategies ... and then the interoperability problems usually reappear!

**Example**: A region procures large EHR system + encourages municipalities and others within the geographic area to use the same system for the information to be shared.

Stockholm started but cancelled a core system procurement, but now in practice started a "smaller" core system procurement again.... VGR (Gothenburg etc) and Skåne (Malmö etc) have bought and are now installing Cerner Millenium as a core system.

#### 2. Mapping/conversion based strategy

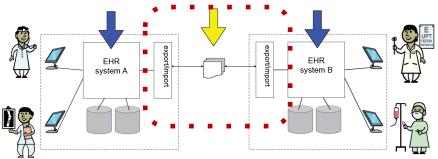
**Translate, where possible** (only works for "type 1" differences), from system specific semantics and structures to a standardized exchange format (message format, API, etc.).

#### Consequences:

- Reinterpretations increase risk of loss or distortion of information,
   Data that is too different may need to be omitted (Sometimes no data may be better than incorrect data...)
- Can sometimes require health-IT systems to be rebuilt internally to be able to capture and export required shared data in some agreed form (This can be expensive, time/resource consuming, and dependent on vendors' priorities).

It is a common strategy today in national cross-regional information exchanges.

**Examples**: HL7 v2, HL7 v3 CDA, HL7 FHIR, certain applications of ISO 13606, Swedish national "service contracts" in the service platform coordinated by SKR/Inera.



#### 3. Shared model-driven strategy

Handle data (semantics and information structure) **the same way within systems** using open standardization of the content.

#### **Consequences**:

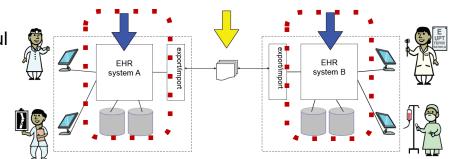
- facilitates vendor independence
- limits selection to products that can internally use the open standardized models, or that can be configured flexibly enough to broadly match the standardized

**Used today in the Nordic region in components of several EHR systems** (but is rarely a requirement in procurements). Further development is underway at several suppliers, including open-source alternatives

**Examples**: openEHR, HL7 CIMI and some applications of ISO 13606

Region Stockholm might choose this, Karolinska University Hospital has procured and are setting up an openEHR based system.

Most Swedish regions use or will use Cambio Cosmic that is piece by piece converting modul (Norwegian DIPS started such a transition several years ago.)



#### The three integration strategies combined

Not mutually exclusive and can be combined depending on e.g.

- Geographical granularity (international, national, regional and local)
- Timeframe gradual changes (1 year, 5 years, 20 years)

#### 1. Core system strategy

Buy the same system, install the same way at all organizations that will share or exchange information. Pretend "there is no system 8"

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It is a common strategy today in national cross-regional information exchanges. Examples: HL7 v2, HL7 v3 CDA, HL7 FHIR, certain applications of ISO 13808, Swedish

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Handle data (semantics and information structure) the same way within systems using open standardization of the content.

#### Consequences:

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open standardized models, natch the standardized

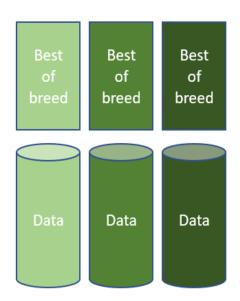
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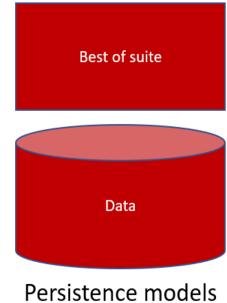


# Best of Breed (Closed Ecosystems)



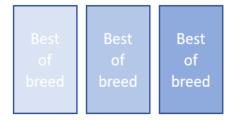
No agreed persistence information models

#### **Best of Suite**



Persistence models designed for single vendor

# Best of Breed 2.0 (Open Ecosystems)



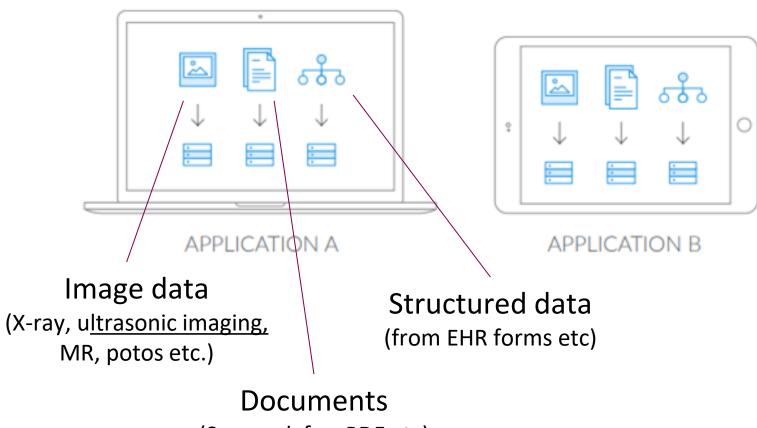


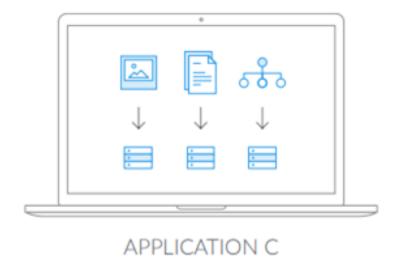
Agreed persistence information models (single or distributed storage)

Best of Breed 2.0 already partially done for medical images (PACS) etc

# Let's compare!

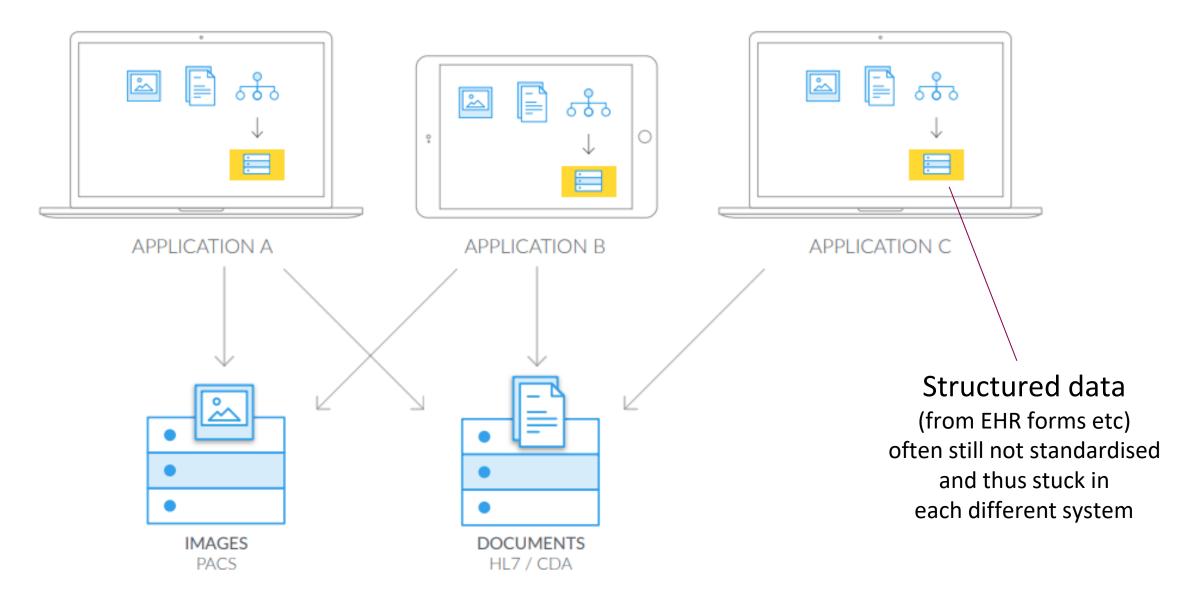
#### The way it used to be...



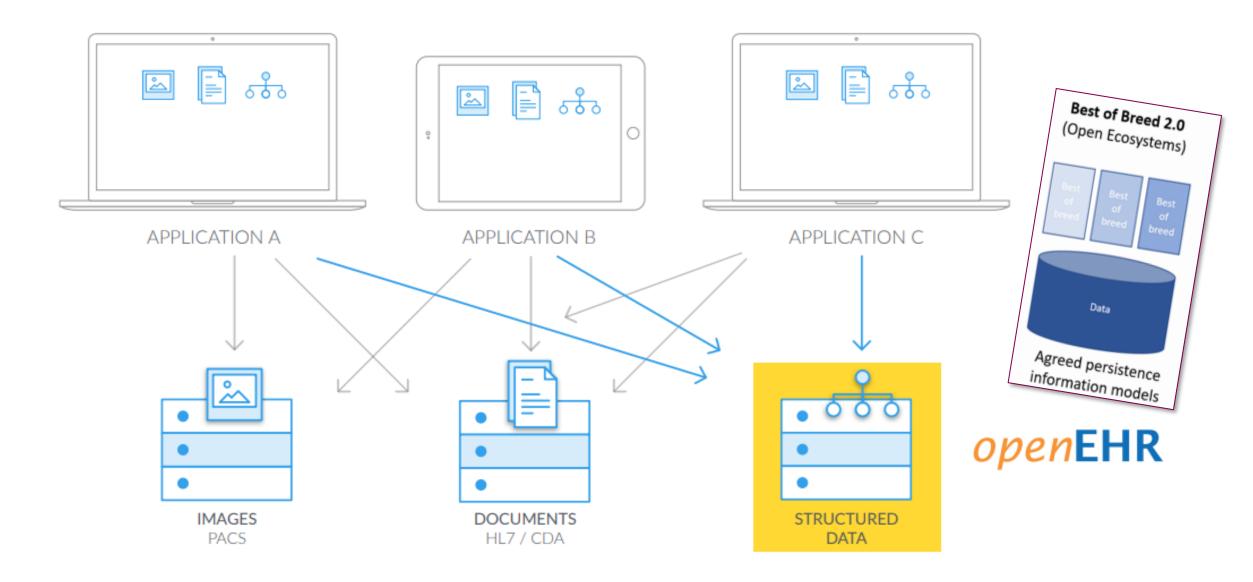


(Scanned, fax, PDF etc)

# Then we shared image and document storage...



## A goal



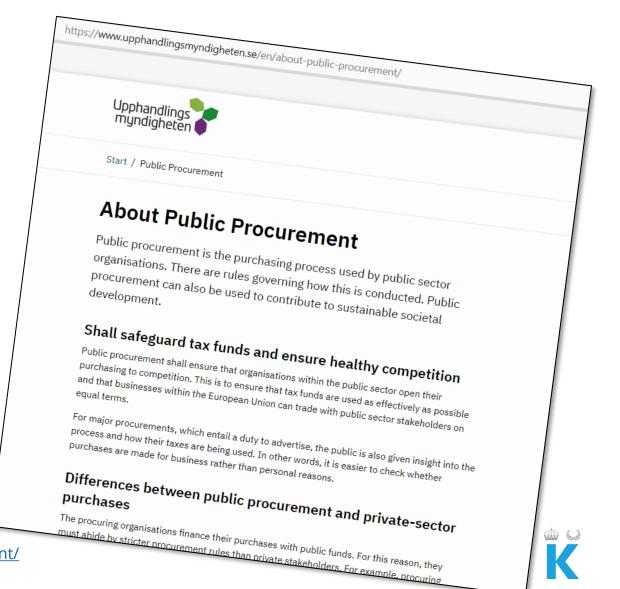
Public Procurement – avoids corruption?

Not simpler (not always cheaper)

## The basic procurement principles are:

- non-discrimination
- equal treatment
- proportionality
- transparency
- mutual recognition

They mean that procuring organisations must always remain objective and neutral to the stakeholders that wish to become suppliers, and the entire procurement process must be characterised by transparency and proportionality.



## Public Procurement – avoids corruption?

Not simpler (not always cheaper)

#### Too common today:

- What did others pick (without getting fired)?
- The procurement (ir)responsible just want to finish the procurement project and go on to new positions/projects... ...but the harder implementation, integration and maintainance work is dumped on others [Stockholm 3rd/4th attempt now...]
- Pick your favourite and bend the procurement requrements to fit it? [High corruption risk!]

#### More sustainable:

 Maintaining long term healthty competition – we want many experienced suppliers to pick from

#### Dilemmas - risks to handle/mitigate:

Encourage new suppliers

VS

Not become alpha testers of immature products



## Variants of EU procurement

Open procedure

Anyone may submit a full tender. This procedure is **used most frequently.** 

Restricted procedure

anyone may ask to participate ... but only those who are pre-selected may submit tenders.

Competitive negotiated procedure

...anyone may ask to participate, but only those who are pre-selected will be invited to submit **initial** tenders and to **negotiate**. (used when negotiations are necessary due to the specific or complicated nature of the purchase)

Competitive dialogue

This procedure can be used by a contracting authority with the aim of proposing a method of addressing a need defined by the contracting authority.

Innovation partnership

This procedure may be used when there is a need to purchase a good or service that is still unavailable on the market. A number of companies may participate throughout the process.

Design contest

This procedure is used to obtain an idea for a design.

- Additional tendering techniques ... a contracting authority may:
  - sign a framework agreement with one or a number of companies for tenders requiring recurring purchases
  - when using the restricted procedure authorise the use of the electronic dynamic purchasing system for making recurring purchases
  - decide that to get the best offer, the final choice of the winner will be made through an **electronic auction**





## Legal variants of EU procurement

Open procedure

Region Östergötland 2020 referral

Anyone may submit a full tender. This procedure is **used most frequently.** 

Restricted procedure

 anyone may ask to participate ... but only those who are pre-selected may submit tenders.

K/Region Stockholm openEHR platform procurement 2023-2024

**Region Stockholm** 

"traditional" EHR

Competitive negotiated procedure

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Good for national cooperation?



# Region Östergötland 2020+

- Pre-procurement presentations
- Requirement referral round 1
- Requirement referral round 2
- Internal reorganisation + covid cancelled the procurement

#### All available via

https://discourse.openehr.org/t/swedishopenehr-procurements-rfis/247

including presentations on YouTube



Playlist https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLhWi0RtmG26UIt0qtzmOLITbu10svShMK 24

#### Individual videos:

- DIPS, 10 Feb 2020: https://youtu.be/WINmviCm7pU 25
- Ripple Foundation, 10 Feb 2020; https://youtu.be/iCF1qRZ99dg
- TietoEVRY & Better, 14 Feb 2020: https://youtu.be/ICS4pQC\_Etk (IS)
- Solit Clouds, 14 Feb 2020: https://youtu.be/MJneYOYmJ4o 7
- CaboLabs, 17 Feb 2020: https://youtu.be/VceUaMgBLAM (5)

We learnt new interesting things from all of the different suppliers. Some surprises too regarding nice features and even a fire alarm during a demo...



Mercell TendSign 10

If you are system provides, please get the document and respond with comments via the tendsign-link above before Aug 16! That is the only official way to influence the content of the upcoming procurement that will follow shortly after the referral closes. By registering for free, logging in there and subscribing to the referral you'll also be updated

ote that the future procurement will likely be split in different

- to different system suppliers:
- Area 1 = EHR Platform and platform administration tool
   Area 2 = Development and content maintenance tools, execution Tools\*

If you're **not** a system provider, but rather just curious and do the referral document that may be an old version by the time External referral EHR platform and tools, based on openEHR

A snapshot of the response form with some example respons

If you are not a system provider intending to respond officially comment directly here in this openEHR forum discussion thre erik.sundvall () SEC member

The above mentioned new/second (and likely last) "referral version" is now online at Mercell TendSign 4
Creation of a (free) account is needed to log in. The referral period ends on 2021-01-26 (January 26)

Document copies below (for those that do not want to use/create a login and respond to the referral) are a snapshot in time and may get corrected/changed in the official (TendSign) procurement platform.

- Covering letter external referral 2.pdf 1 (173.2 KB)
- . Main requirements: EHR platform and tools based on openEHR referral round 2.pdf (1.2 MB)
- Pricetable referral round 2.xlsx (14.1 KB)
- & Comment form referral round 2.xlsx (30.1 KB)

#### Worth noting from the invitation letter

 Please note the change of procurement areas from three separate (in the previous referral round) to one unified, as described in section 3.2.1. of the requirements document.

Consortia and collaboration between suppliers that may not individually have a full covering platform-tool suite is thus encouraged/requested by this change! We know there are openEHR tools and platforms that could be used together and hope that Region Ostergötland will also get such combined proposals/bids in this procurement.



2 / Jan '21

## 2023, seven regions, RFI

# Request for information

- Very low legal risks for all parties...
- ...but still consumes time/resources from all parties
- Collaborate to save time/resources that could be used for important things!
- Questions, responses, youtubevideos and report/summary available [] https://discourse.openehr.org/t/th e-swedish-openehr-platforms-andtools-rfi-2023/3840

## The Swedish openEHR platforms and tools RFI 2023 /



Asa\_Skagerhult Åsa Skagerhult

About the RFI Region Östergötland is making a Request For Information on openEHR platforms and tools. We are really happy to tell that it is done in

1/19

11 Sep

Region Stockholm

- Region Uppsala
- Västra Götalandsregionen
- Region Skåne
- Region Kalmar län
- Region Jönköpings län

Together these county councils represent 2/3 of Sweden's population!

The RFI was published on April 14th, and was publicly available through TED (ted.europa.eu [5]) on April 17th. A PDF version of the RFI document (and an Appendix) is attached to this post. Direct link to the RFI at TED: 2023/S 077-231835 (60) Deadline for answering was May 10th.

The RFI also included an invitation to digital contractor demo sessions on May 31st , June 1st and June 2nd (with a back-up demo day June

For questions regarding thr RFI, use the procurement system where the RFI is published. Answers will be publicly available.

Åsa Skagerhult , on behalf of Region Östergötland & collaborators

#### RFI invitation

- The invitation to the RFI: RFI openEHR 2023-04-14.pdf 25 (308.4 KB)
- Appendix to the invitation: Appendix A OpenEHR an Implementors Guideline related to Swedish laws and regulations in healthcare.pdf

Please note that the attempt to compare some of the care unit separation requirements to a "multitenancy" concept in Appendix A was easy to misinterpret by suppliers in the RFI and will likely be reformulated in later procurements. What we were looking for was not a total logical separation (the normal meaning of multitenancy), but rather a conditional separation that can vary based on active choice/overrides and patient consent. We realized that for example configurable ABAC approaches might often be more suitable then "real" multitenancy for this. (Multitenancy can also be interesting for some customers, but for other reasons.)

#### RFI Results

All documents related to the RFI are (or will soon be) available for download below.

- Final report in Swedish: Slutrapport RFI openEHR 2023 publik version 2.0.pdf 56 (538.8 KB)
- Final report RFI openEHR 2023 public version 2.0.pdf 35 (513.5 KB) (Partly Al-translated, the Swedish version is the original.)
- The recorded demo sessions are available at YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLhWiORtmG26VsdOWYUhEAdVlbBfgAQjCK
- Written responses from system providers (the ones that allowed it) are attached to this Confluence page: https://openehr.atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/resources/pages/416514052/Procurement+of+openEHR-related+systems+and+services (14)

- 1. openEHR-based Software. With subcategories:
  - 1a. Software for storage and management of openEHR-based data (CDR etc)
  - 1b. Software for fine-grained access control
  - 1c. Software for fast development, publication and maintenance of openEHR-based applications
  - 1d. Software Services
- 1. Software for openEHR content Creation and **Transformation**
- 1. Consulting Services

https://discourse.openehr.org/t/karolinska-stockholm-procurement-of-digital-health-platform-cdr-tools-services-consultants/4457

Collaboration! Cross-regional question-bank based on previous work in Sweden, Germany, Great Britain. Will be openly published.



OPENEHR Discussion Forums

- Categories
- New to openEHR?
- openEHR news
- Community ●
- Tool Support
- Implementation •
- Specifications
- Site Feedback
- Tags
- Messages
- □ Inbox
- moderators
- Channels
- SEC .
- Staff
- Personal chat
- Bostjan\_Lah
- sebastian.iancu
- pablo
- joostholslag
- johnmeredith
- siljelb
- 6 Asa\_Skagerhult, jgbellik, lui...
- varntzen
- thomas.beale
- mikael

#### Karolinska/Stockholm procurement of Digital health platform (CDR, tools, services, consultants) 🎤

■ Community ■ Procurements

erik.sundvall @ SEC member



Following The Swedish openEHR platforms and tools RFI 2023 21 by seven Swedish regions, Karolinska University Hospital is coordinating a procurement for several organisations active in Region Stockholm and Region Gotland. Listed organisations besides Karolinska are: Södersjukhuset AB (SÖS), Södertälje sjukhus AB, Danderyd Sjukhus AB, Tiohundra AB, St Eriks Ögonsjukhus, Ambulanssjukvården i Storstockholm AB (AISAB), Hälso- och sjukvårdsförvaltningen (HSF), Stockholms läns sjukvårdsområde (SLSO), Region Gotland.

The official EU-tender call is available at Services - 555615-2023 - TED Tenders Electronic Daily 24 that in turn links to the call at the procurement portal: Mercell TendSign (a). Anybody interested in actually responding to the tender should register there (for free) to get notifications of changes and responses to questions. The documents will very likely get updated several times and the copies attached to the Wikipage https://openehr.atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/resources/pages/416514052/Procurement+of+openEHRrelated+systems+and+services 38 may be out of date and erraneous by the time you read this. Following this forum thread is no guarantee to get all updates, instead subscribe to updates in the portal.

Framework agreement period is 2+1+1 years.

Estimated start of (framework) contract is 2024-02-01.

Phase 1 (qualification) closes 2023-10-12 23:59

Estimated total value 154 000 000 SEK (all areas added together, over the full length of framework agreements)

A simplified explanation of the process and scope follows (it is not necessarily a legally correct description, see the procurement portal for the

There are three areas

- 1. openEHR-based Software. With subcategories:
- 1a. Software for storage and management of openEHR-based data (CDR etc)
- 1b. Software for fine-grained access control
- 1c. Software for fast development, publication and maintenance of openEHR-based applications
- Software for openEHR content Creation and Transformation
- Consulting Services

Note that many actors/providers will likely be interested in responding to only to one or two of the three areas, and thus do not need to bother about the details of the other areas.

There are several phases (following each other in time)

#### 1.3 Timetable

Activity	Timing
Deadline for submitting a request to participate	Oktober 2023
<ol><li>Sending invitations to submit tender to selected tender-candidates.</li></ol>	November 2023
3. Evaluation of tenders	December 2023
4. Sending the Award Decision	January 2024
5. Framework start	February 2024

The first Phase published today, closes October 12. It's purpose is to qualify and reduce number of candidates allowed to make bids for framework agreements. If you pass this you get an invitation (activity #2 above) to submit a framework tender/bid.

When the framework has started (activity #5 above) and any of the organisations behind the agreement (for example Karolinska or Södersjukhuset) actually need to buy e.g. platforms, tools or services from any of the three "areas", every supplier that has won a framework agreement for that area gets a chance to bid for that specific item in a relatively simple and fast process. Also the requrements, for example for a consultancy assignment, tool or platform, will be specific for the task at hand which makes the process easier for everybody involved.

## Managing lock-in effects - A telephone analaogy

#### **1. Telecom operator** (Vodaphone, KPN, ...)

- Number portability (keep your old phone number when switching) crucial!
- Minor capability differences (but sometimes important, like rural coverage)

#### **2. Operating system** (iOS, Android, ...)

Not as standardised as GSM/3G/4G/5G

#### Important applications

- Things with very standardised content, like mail clients, can be switched
- App versions for each operating system can be made
  - By others, e.g. for commercial apps like Spotify, LinkedIn, ...
  - By yourself for "homegrown" apps
  - By you and others in collaboration (e.g. open source apps)

- openEHR CDR (used via standard APIs) ...and having control of your own template- and archetype usage
- Form/Low-code tools, integration tools, portals etc\*
  - Very limited openEHR standardisation for this now, but SMART on openEHR (draft) and some simplified integration formats are available

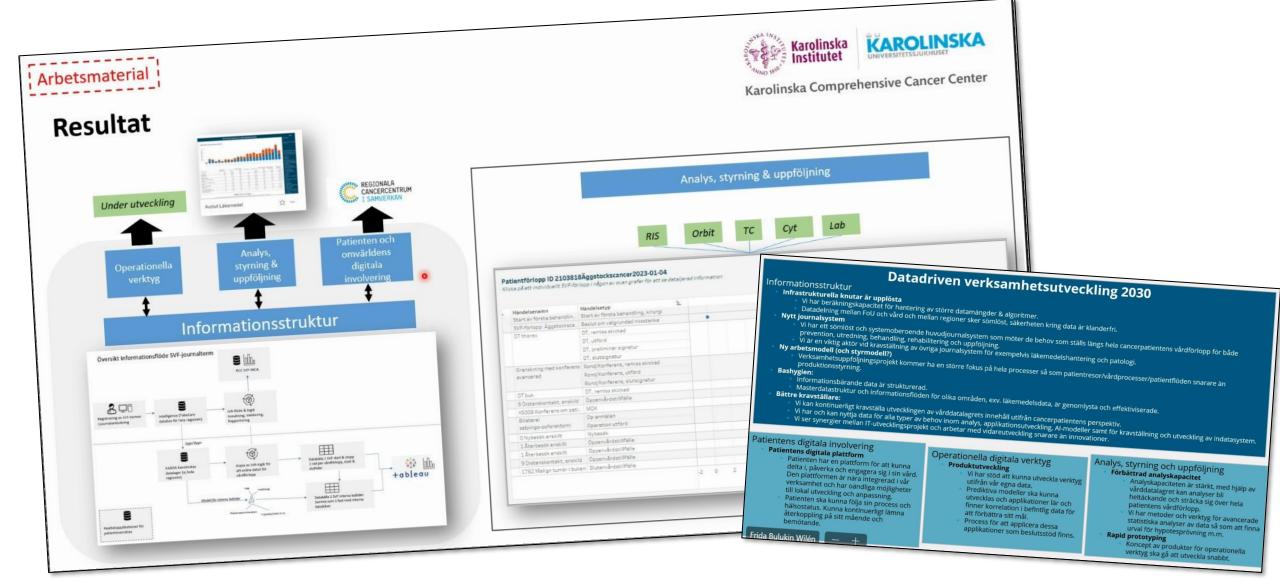
#### 3. Important applications

- App versions or components for each vendor specific portal/framework can be made
  - By others
  - By yourself for "homegrown" apps
  - By you and others in collaboration (e.g. open source apps)

<sup>\*)</sup> Freestanding apps using the CDR via APIs can skip using tools and some parts of portals/frameworks (#2 above)



# The healthcare professionals and units are now asking for well structured information! (No longer asking just for "some useful IT-system")



# Questions? Discussion!

More openEHR details follow (bonus material, if time allows)



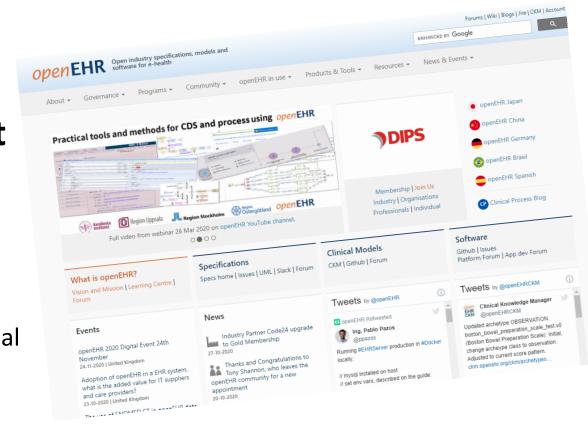
# What is openEHR? Formally...

A technology for e-health

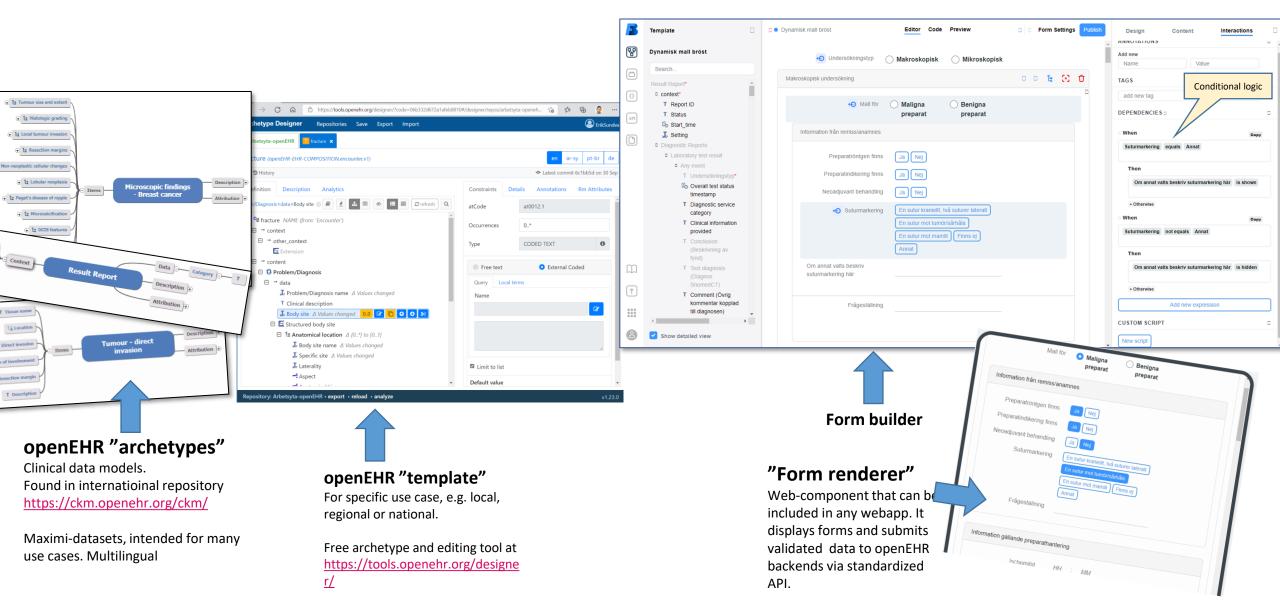
- open specifications + clinical models (archetypes and templates)
- software (tools etc.)
- ...to build information and interoperability solutions for healthcare.

Artefacts of openEHR are produced by the openEHR community and managed by openEHR International, a non-profit organisation established in 2003

https://openehr.org/about/what is openehr
EHR = Electronic Health Record = Elektronisk Patientjournal



# openEHR modeling toolchain



# Template (mall)

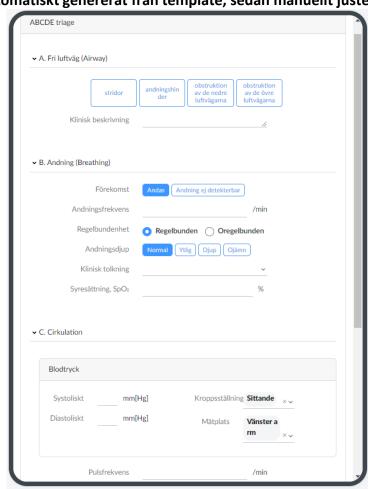
Specifik för ett användningsfall. Kombinerar och konfigurerar flera arketyper.

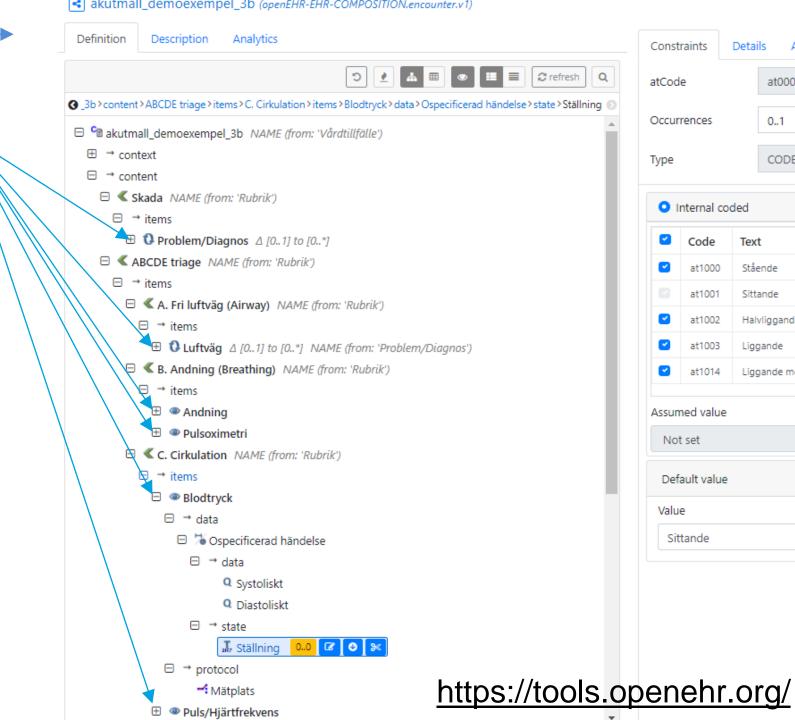
# Archetypes (arketyper)

Återanvändbara dokumentationsmönster

### Form (formulär/gränssnitt)

Automatiskt genererat från template, sedan manuellt justerat





Details

Text

Stående

Sittande

Liggande

Halvliggande

Liggande med

at0008.

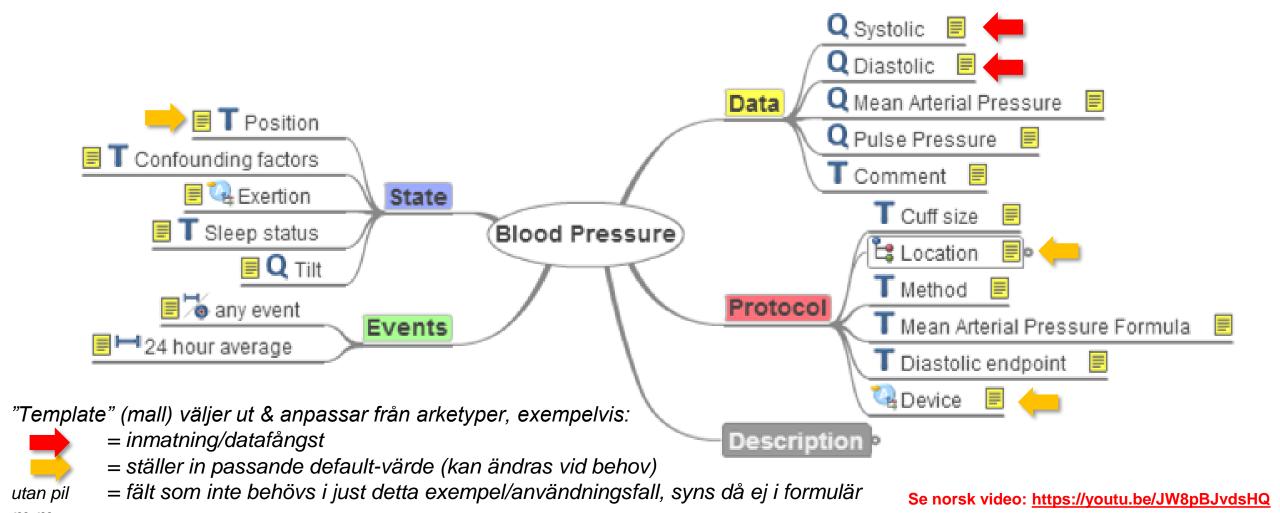
CODED

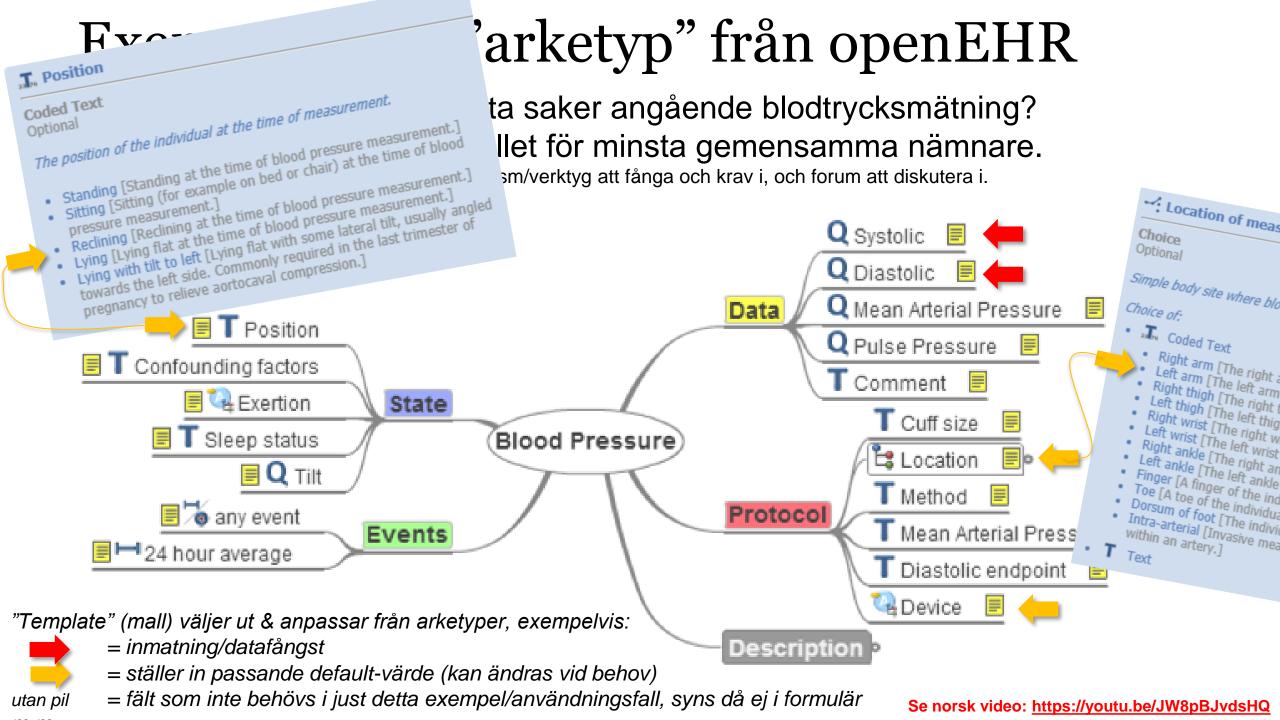
0..1

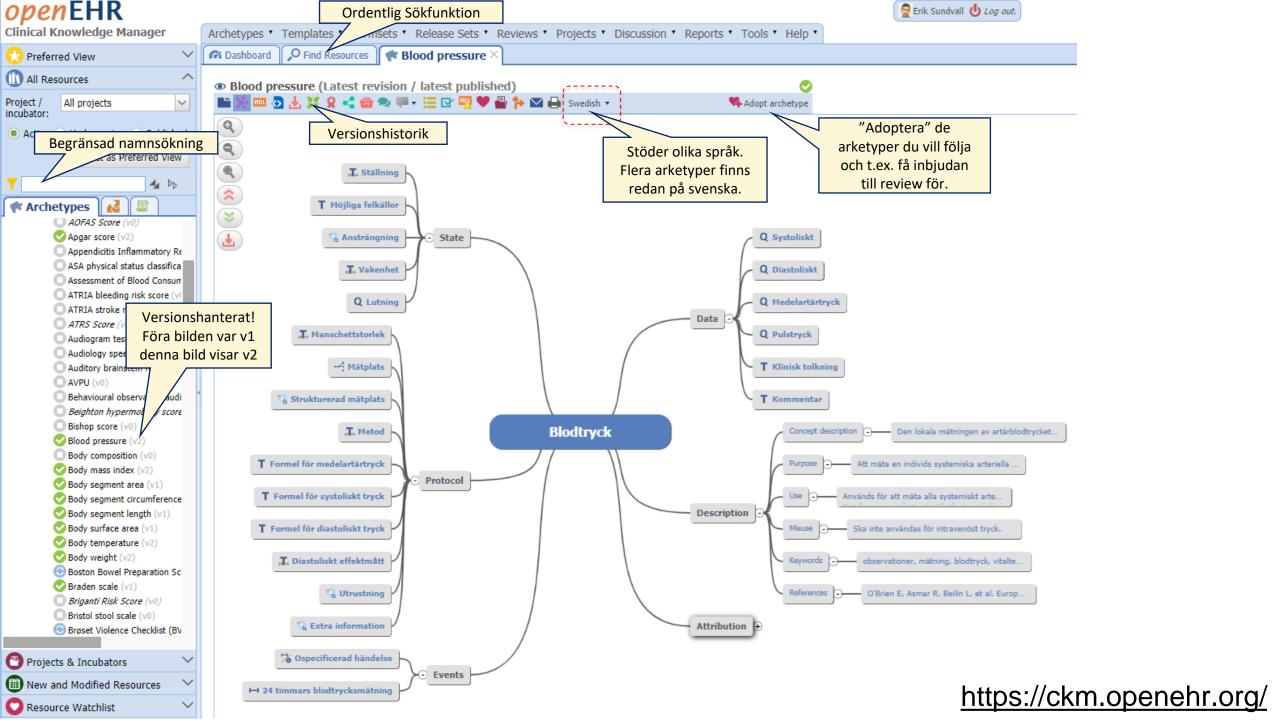
# Exempel på en "arketyp" från openEHR

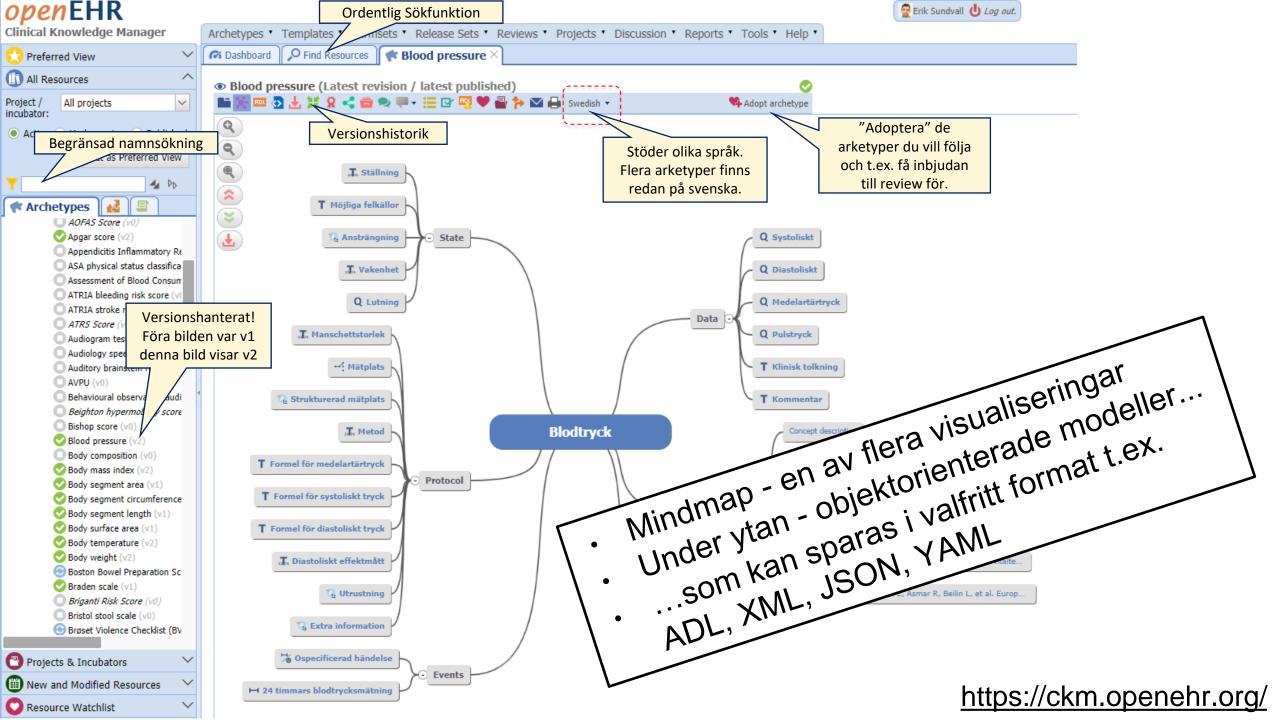
Kliniskt intressanta saker angående blodtrycksmätning? "Maximi-tänk" istället för minsta gemensamma nämnare.

Det finns metod/formalism/verktyg att fånga och krav i, och forum att diskutera i.

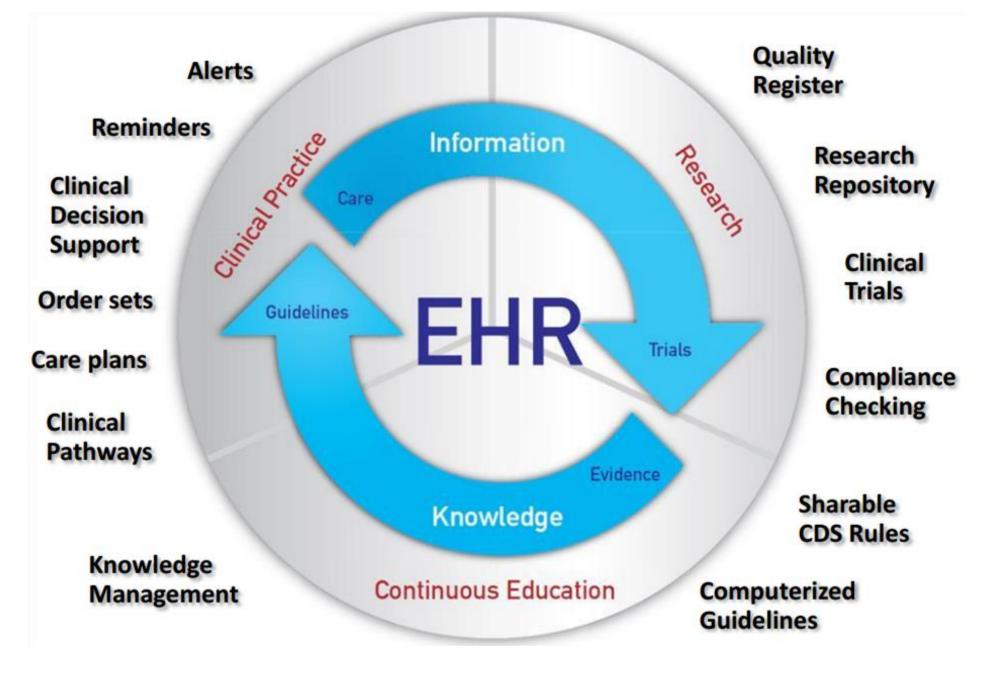








# **AGILITY AND EFFICIENCY?**



Towards interoperable and knowledge-based electronic health records using archetype methodology Rong Chen (PhD thesis), <a href="http://urn.kb.se/resolve?urn=urn%3Anbn%3Ase%3Aliu%3Adiva-54822">http://urn.kb.se/resolve?urn=urn%3Anbn%3Ase%3Aliu%3Adiva-54822</a>

# Bimodal IT <a href="http://blogs.gartner.com/it-glossary/files/2015/01/bimodaltable.png">http://blogs.gartner.com/it-glossary/files/2015/01/bimodaltable.png</a>

		Mode 1	Mode 2	
	Goal	Reliability	Agility	
	Value	Price for performance	Revenue, brand, customer experience	
	Approach	Waterfall, V-model, "high-ceremony IID"*	Agile, Kanban, "low-ceremony IID"*	Think sprinter
Think marathon runner	Governance	Plan-driven, approval-based	Empirical, continuous, process-based	
	Sourcing	Enterprise suppliers, long-term deals	Small, new vendors; short-term deals	
	Talent	Good for conventional processes and projects	Good for new and uncertain projects	
	Culture	IT-centric, removed from customer	Business-centric, close to customer	
	Cycle times	Long (months) years	Short (days, weeks) months	

Health IT organizations & vendors are often slower than Gartners average system examples (perhaps due to complexity, regulations etc?)

# Reliability+Agility? Quality+Speed/Innovation? Bimodal IT (1+2)

Finding suitable abstraction layers and suitable management (people+process)...



Mr Smith's time report for June (an instance)

Spreadsheet template, e.g. time report

for company X

X instances

Y instances

Software manipulating/using X instances Rules & data flows

GUIs generating/reading/querying instances

XML Schema Y using V+W

XML Schema X using U+V

XML Schema V (national?) XML Schema U XML Schema W (international?)

General XML database systems

General XML Tools (editors, processors etc)

Specifications, e.g.: XML, XML Schema (the "language"), XPath & XQuery

Template Y using V+W

Template X using U+V

Archetype U

Archetype V (national?) Archetype W (international?)

Tools, editors...

Rule engines EHR storage system RM+AQL+...

Specifications, e.g.:

- -Reference Model (RM),
- -Archetype Model (AM),
- -AQL (query language)
- -GDL (decision support lang.)...



Spreadsheet Software (e.g. Excel)





Mode 1
"Marathon!"





Mode 2
"Sprint"

Support

Sys. admin

Customer group

Custromer repr.
Investigation
Prioritisation
Pre-study

Delivery Release mgmnt. Programming

GUI/client-design API-design Database design Objekt-modelling Test
Configuration
Roll-out (during
planned service
"windows")

Adjusting related systems (integrations Statistical reports etc)

Upload to system ("live" in an active system)
Test and quality control

Sometimes: Extra programming & optimisations

Find/create
archetypes
Create template
Create form/GUI and
"task planning"
incl. dynamic w/ "low code"
Sometimes: Modify or
create CDS rules



Tech sys. administration and improvement of CDR and tools





"...still many organizations choosing ... traditional route and we know that this will be the last cohort adopting this... already a legacy technology... not going to be what we use in the future"

- Actors betting on long term sustainable, scalable solutions
- Educated protestors...?, willing to contribute to solutions...?
- Educated leaders daring to choose and support sustainiable solutions...?

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13.25	Questions and comments

13.35	European health data network:
	using the OMOP CDM for
	collaborative studies
	Maxim Moinat, Scientific Researcher
	Erasmus MC

- 13.55 **Questions and comments**
- 14.05 **Break**



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Break

14.05





A EUROPEAN HEALTH DATA NETWORK: USING THE OMOP CDM FOR COLLABORATIVE STUDIES

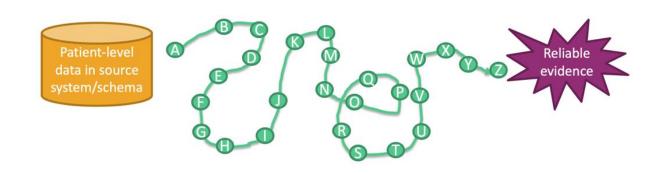
Maxim Moinat 2024-03-11, Sitra

Department of Medical Informatics
Health Data Science
Erasmus MC Rotterdam





# Generating Reliable Evidence at Scale

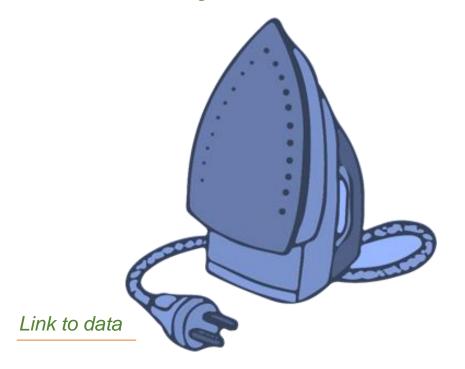


How can we generate reliable evidence at a large scale, i.e. on many data sources in Europe for many research questions?



# Improving Interoperability

Analytical method The structure...































The language...

110V, 120V, 127V, 220V, 230V, 204V, ...



### Standardization to a common data model



www.ohdsi.org

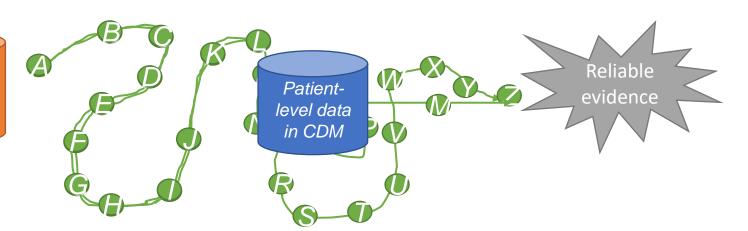


www.ehden.eu



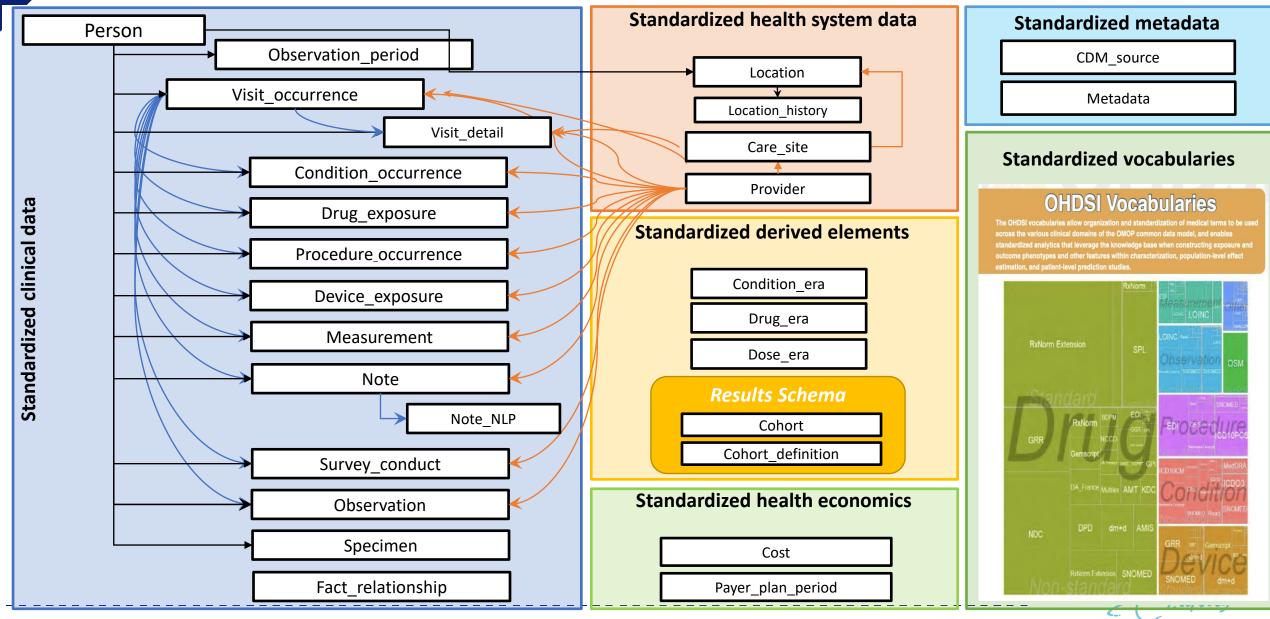
www.darwin-eu.org

Patient-level data in source system/schema





# The OMOP CDM



# Questions asked across the patient journey

### Clinical characterization

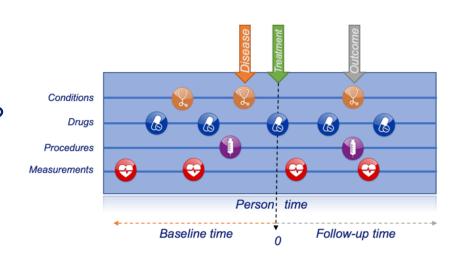
- Natural history: How many have diabetes, what proportion takes metformin?
- Quality improvement: What proportion of patients with diabetes experience complications?

### **Population-level effect estimation**

- Safety surveillance: Does metformin cause lactic acidosis?
- Comparative effectiveness: Does metformin cause lactic acidosis more than glyburide?

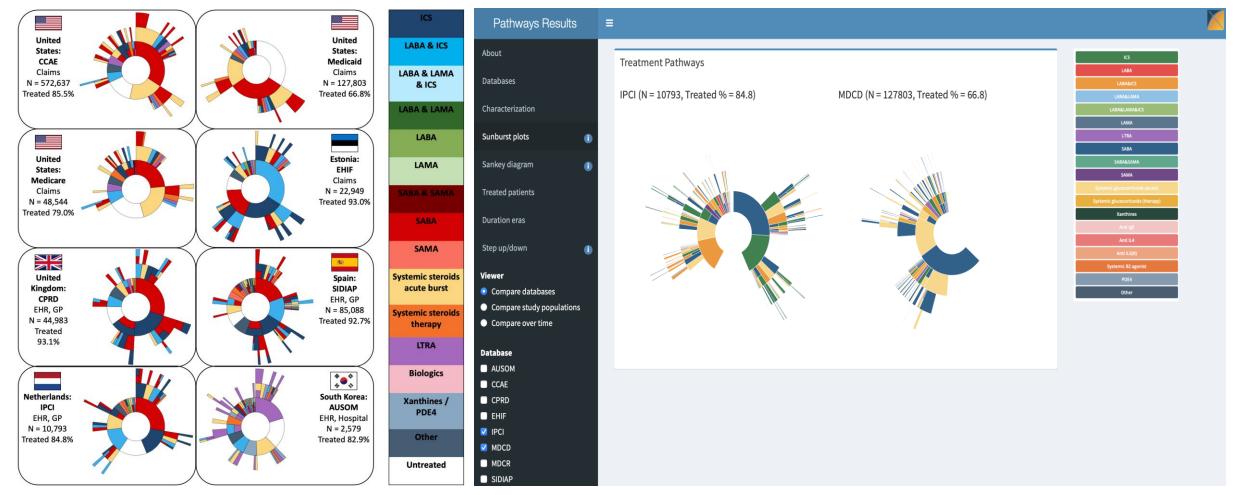
### **Patient-level prediction**

- Precision medicine: Given everything you know about me, now I started using metformin, what is the chance I will get lactic acidosis?
- Disease interception: Given everything you know about me, what is the chance I will develop diabetes?





# **Characterisation: Treatment Patterns**



Treatment Patterns across countries

Interactive web-application

Erasmus MC

# Observational Health Data Sciences and Informatics (OHDSI)

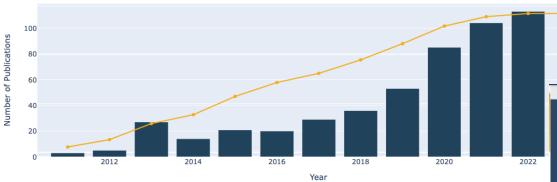
### Mission:

To improve health by empowering a community to collaboratively generate the evidence that promotes better health decisions and better care



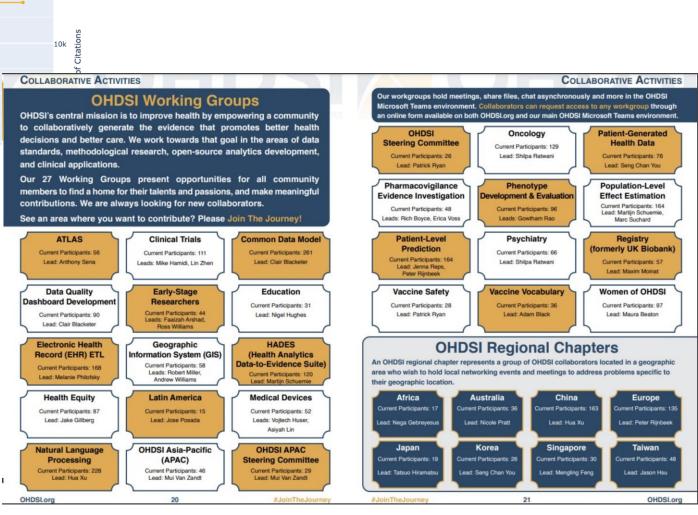
Erasmus MC

#### **OHDSI Publications & Cumulative Citations**



OHDSI Community scaled up fast in number of publications (516) and distinct co-authors (2000+)

Active collaboration in 33 working groups and 8 regional chapters







# EUROPEAN OHDSI **SYMPOSIUM**

July 3rd 2023 Rotterdam

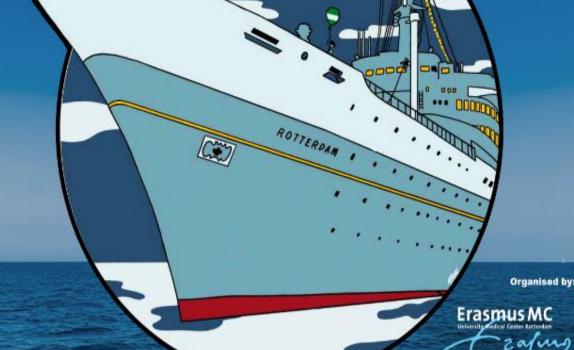
Health

Data

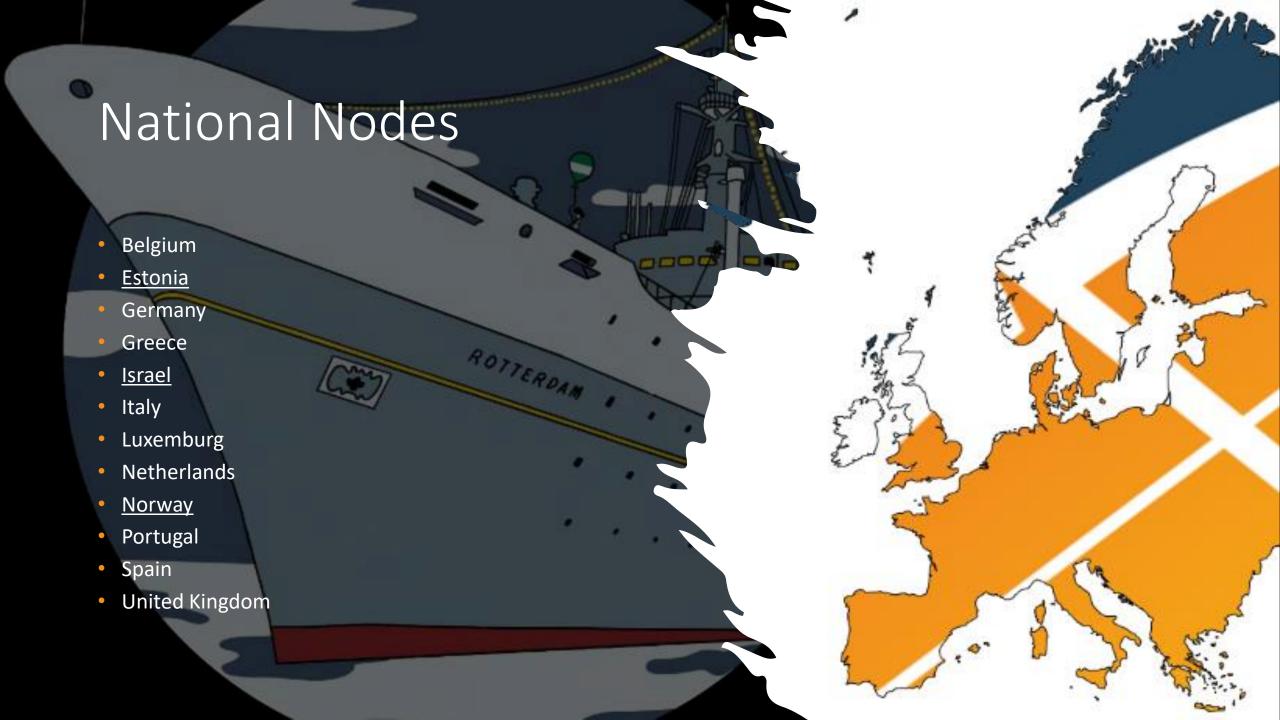
Science

# "Full Steam Alhead!!" The numbers

- B days
- 350 attendees
- 5 plenary sessions
- 0 rapid fire presentations
- 89 posters
- ' national nodes
- 5 software demo's
- 2 blues brothers











### Vision

The European Health Data & Evidence Network (EHDEN) aspires to be the trusted observational research ecosystem to enable better health decisions, outcomes and care

### Mission

Our mission is to provide a new paradigm for the discovery and analysis of health data in Europe, by building a large-scale, federated network of data sources standardised to a common data model











### **EHDEN IMI CONSORTIUM**



Start date: 1 Nov 2018 **End date**: 30 Apr 2024

October 2024

**Duration**: 66 months



23 partners



Almost €29 million

#### Universities, public bodies and research organisations



Academic coordinator











#### **SME & Mid-sized companies**







#### **Non-profit organisations**





#### **EFPIA & Associated partners**



































# **EHDEN** IS ABOUT ...

### **FEDERATION**

Creation of an EU-wide architecture for federated analyses of real world data

### **HARMONISATION**

Harmonise more than 100 million anonymised health records to the OMOP common data model

### COMMUNITY

Establish a self-sustaining open science collaboration in Europe, supporting academia, industry, regulators, payers, government, NGOs and others



**OUTCOMES** 

Enabling outcomes driven healthcare at a European level

### **EDUCATION**

The establishment of an EHDEN Academy, webinars and face-to-face training sessions to train all stakeholders

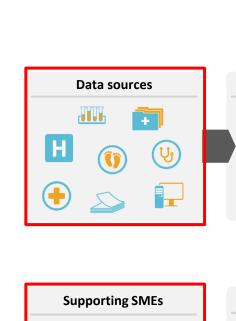


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## A SUSTAINABLE ECOSYSTEM: CALL PROCESS OVERVIEW



#### Open calls

Tailored for project objectives and sustainability

Open calls

Focusing on SMEs

able to support

mapping and

sustainability

#### **Grant awarding**

Evaluated via a predefined set of criteria by the Data source prioritisation committee

#### **Training & Certification**

SME certification committee prioritizes SMEs for training and certification

Data sources can choose the SME from the pool of EHDEN certified SMEs

**Harmonisation fund** 

SMEs are paid via grants from the harmonisation fund

Payments are milestone based



Mapped data sources are encouraged to be active members of the EHDEN community, participating in research studies.







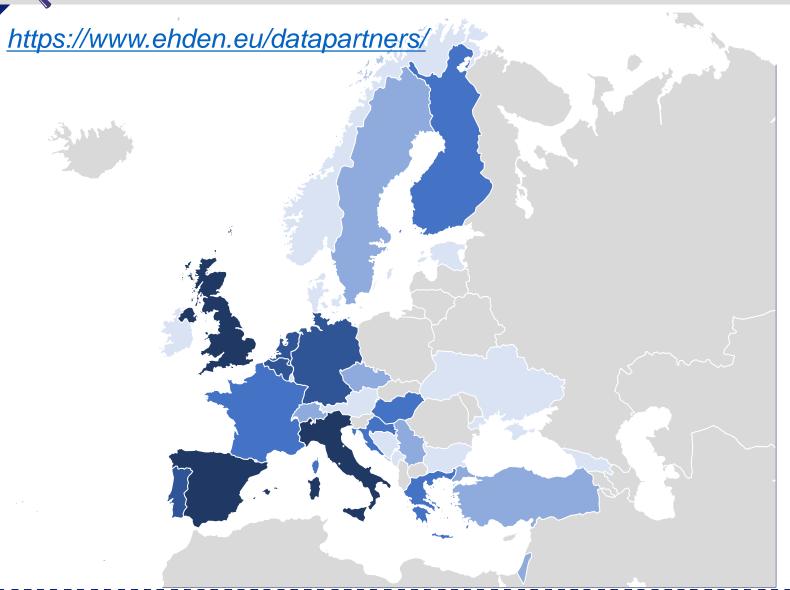


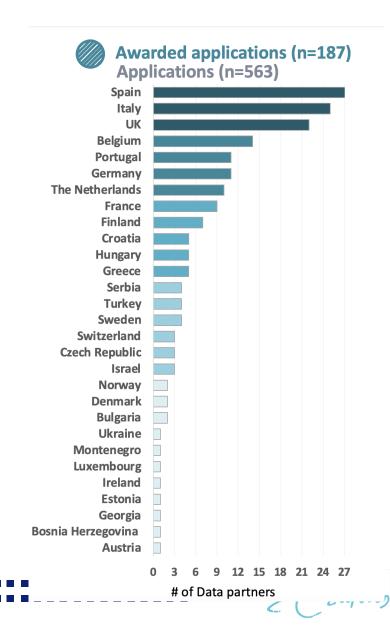




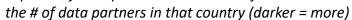


## **CURRENT EHDEN DATA PARTNERS**





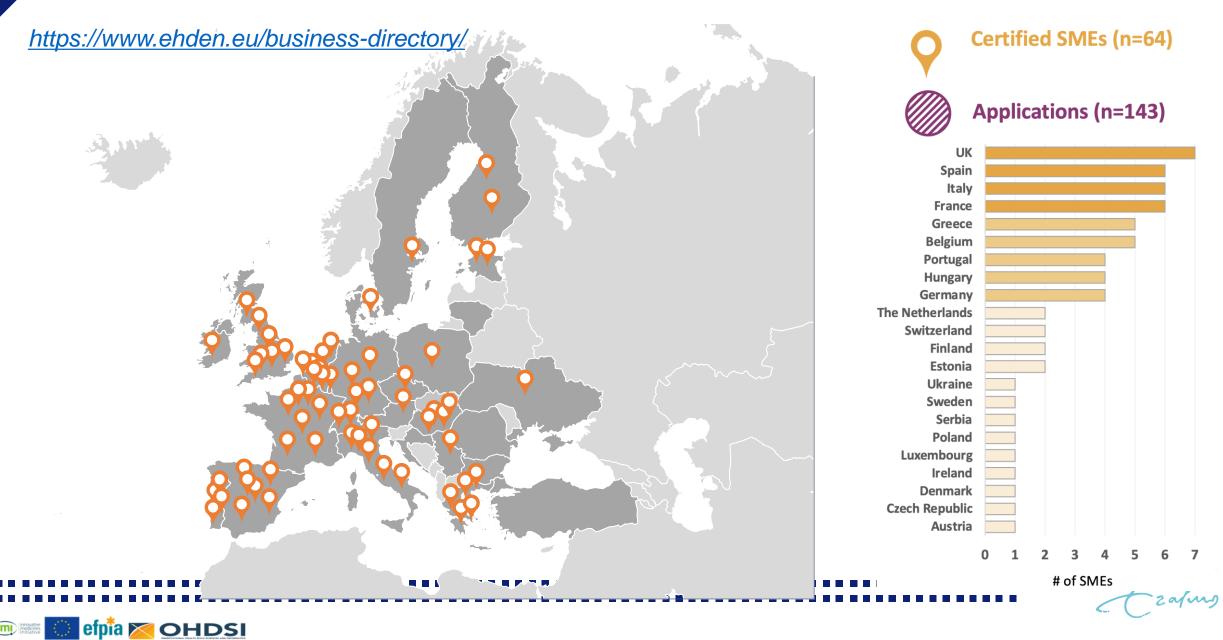








### **CERTIFIED SMALL TO MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES**



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### **EVIDENCE GENERATION**

In addition to the originally planned studies, the study planning and execution (evidence generation) work has increased this year after the approval of the new task (T1.8). An Evidence Generation Task Force was created to evaluate internal proposals for new studies.

**29 requests** were received and a methodology created to prioritise the **4 studies for execution**. WP1 is co-leading or supporting the planning and execution of these 4 additional studies with the use of the Evidence Generation Fund

### Characterisation of Heavy Menstrual Bleeding

This is a study led by Bayer, WP1 co-lead, aiming to describe the presentation of heavy menstrual bleeding. Bayer has led the design of the study and the selection of suitable Data Partners within the EHDEN network. UOXF is helping with the liaison with the selected data partners, and with the planning of analyses and dissemination activities.

### Expansion of the CDM with a pregnancy extension table

Led by one of the EHDEN Data Partners (SIDIAP), this study has resulted in the creation of an extension table to enable future studies on pregnancy and neonatal epidemiology. Currently, SIDIAP, UOXF and an additional EHDEN DP (University of Oslo) are testing the resulting table in some of the existing datasets. This study should be completed during the first half of 2023.

# Extrapolation of survival data for Health Technology Assessments

Led by NICE and UOXF and in close collaboration with WP2, tools have been developed for the extrapolation of survival data for several cancers. More detail is provided as part of WP2 activities.

#### **Long COVID**

Led by UOXF, this study is describing the different presentations of persistent COVID amongst patients diagnosed in the community and in hospital settings. Phenotypes have been developed for all 25 key symptoms identified in the WHO definition of long COVID, and for key sequelae/complications including thromboembolic events. The study is currently being conducted at three EHDEN Data Partners, and will be rolled out by invitation to many others during Q1 and will conclude in the form of a Study-A-Thon in Q2 2023.

2









#### **EHDEN ACADEMY**

The **EHDEN Academy** has grown to be a significant educational and collaborative resource for EHDEN, OHDSI and the global community with regard to training and upskilling.

At the end of the fourth year, **over 3,500 users** from **70 countries** have started their learning journey in the Academy.

With **17 courses** currently available, the Academy continues to update its curriculum and number of expert trainers, with specific focus on more HTA and regulatory science trainings planned for launch in year five.



### academy.ehden.eu









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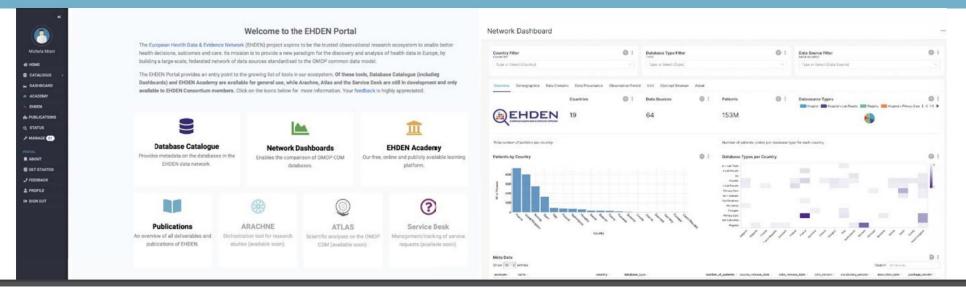
### **EHDEN PORTAL**

#### **EHDEN PORTAL**

The EHDEN technical framework comprises the entire set of technical constructs, i.e. applications and their interoperability, including security setup within the context of the IMI EHDEN Project.

The **EHDEN Portal** has been publicily released on June 24th 2022, making it available to the wider community. Currently, it provides metadata of 80 healthcare databases in the database catalogue and data exports based on full conversion into the OMOP CDM from **64** Data Partners that are available in the network dashboard.

Since its launch, more than **500 active users** have been registered and more than 9,000 **users** have visited the Portal.





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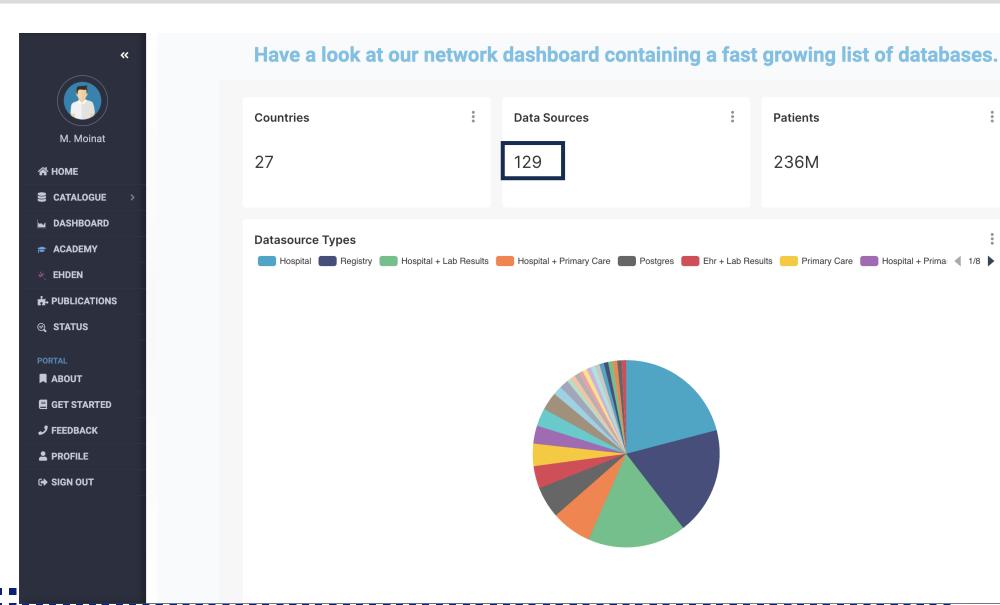








# EHDEN PORTAL — CATALOGUE OF METADATA











MC zafuns



### AND WE ARE NOT DONE YET!

### **EHDEN Foundation**



WORK PACKAGES NETWORK Y EVIDENCE GENERATION Y

EHDEN Data Partners & SMEs share their aspirations for the EHDEN Foundation

### **HARMONIS**

Harmonise more than anonymised health records to commor

Enabling outcomes d













EHDEN's five-year IMI 2 phase will end in 2024. We are proud of the progress of the project to date, achieving beyond our original aims in the build of the Data Partner network, infrastructure development, evidence generation, and education by our midpoint. EHDEN has created a growing network currently consisting 187 Data Partners in 29 countries across the European region, with greater than 850 million anonymous health records being harmonised to the OMOP common data model. In parallel, 64 small-to-medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) have been trained  $across\ 22\ countries, certified\ and\ are\ working\ with\ Data\ Partners\ on\ a\ consistent\ data\ harmonisation\ process\ of\ their\ source\ data.$ 

Our evidence-generation work is accelerating and we have contributed to over 70 publications to date, with increasing scientific exposure through international meetings and via OHDSI. The EHDEN Academy has supported over 4,000 participants with its now 19 courses since its launch, and we continue to expand our educational activities, also via the OHDSI Education Working

2024 — and will facilitate the developing ecosystem, operationalising the research operating model post project, working in parallel on the transition and cross-fade between the project and the

As a sustainable entity, the EHDEN Foundation will continue to promote and foster a strong and growing open science community with Data Partners, SMEs, researchers, public & private, and NGOs. It will also continue to provide research, training certification, and service research in the EHDEN network and wider research community, supporting studies, study-a-thons, methodological and technical developments, and research programmes.

Watch this space for further updates as we develop the EHDEN Foundation and ensure a smooth sustainability path beyond the original EHDEN project — and we look forward to collaborating

Erasmus MC











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13.55	Questions and comments
14.05	Break (we will start at 14.15)





### PROGRAMME CONTINUED IN FINNISH



